# $Islamic \underbrace{Educational}_{\text{Jabal Amman / Al-Jubeiha}} \underbrace{College}$



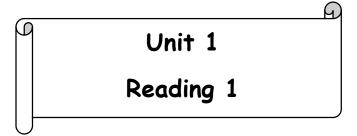
# English booklet

Grade 2

# 1st Semester



Name:			
	Grade 2 (	)	



# Dan and Gramps



Unit 1
Reading 1

# Vocabulary

Students are expected to:

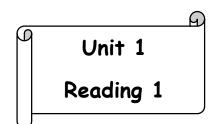
Recognise the following words:
 (sing, are, buy, eat, wash, clean, chore).

Q1) Use the words in the box to complete these sentences:

are, sing, wash, chore

- 1. The children <u>Wash</u> their hands after the break.
- 2. My <u>chore</u> is to take the trash out.
- 3. Yara and Rama are pals.
- 4. We always <u>sing</u> a song at the beginning of the class.

# Q2) Read the following words then use them in sentences: 1) buy: (verb) I can buy an ice cream today. Dad buys bread every day. 2) eat: (verb) We cannot eat during the class. I eat breakfast with my family. 3) clean: (verb) I clean my desk every day. I clean my room every day. Q3) If you only had 15 minutes in a day to do chores, what would you do and why?



# Phonics Short a

### Students are expected to:

- · Identify the sound of the short a.
- Recognise the beginning sound of the words.

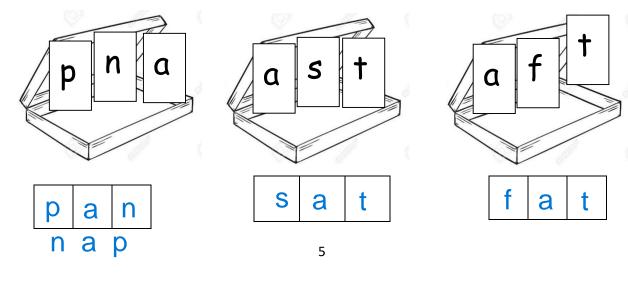
Q1) If you had to pack a bag with five things that have the short "a" sound (like map), what would you choose and why?

snack, can, sack, jam, jar, cap, hat

Q2) Select the words with short a sound by drawing a circle.

Dad	mom	sat	pet	Nan	rug

Q3) Write words with short a by using the letters below:



Reading 1

# Dan and Gramps

### Students are expected to:

- Recognise the story elements.
- Recognise what the story is about.

### Q1) Circle the correct answer:

- 1. Who is the author?
- a. Dan White.

- b. Pam Walker.
- 2. Who are the characters in the story?
- a. Dan, Gramps, Nan, Jan. b. Sam, Tam.
- 3. The time of the story is:
- a. daytime (Sunday).
- b. daytime (Saturday).
- 4. What is the story about? (main idea)
  - a. Dan and Gramps have chores to do.
  - b. Dan and Gramps have homework.
- Q2) How would the story change if everyone in the family refused to do chores?

Unit 1
Reading 1

# Grammar and Writing Can + verb

Students are expected to:

Use can + verb to talk about things someone can do.

Example: Sami can ride a bike.

### Q1) Complete the sentences:

- 1. I can play football.
- 2. I can <u>run fast.</u>





Example: Rahaf cannot / can't swim well.

### Q2) Complete the sentences:

- 1. I can't <u>play basketball.</u>
- 2. I can 't Swim.

Use can + subject + verb to ask a question.

Example: Can Ali come to the party? Yes, he can.

Can Maria come to the party? No, she can't.



### Q3) Complete the question:

Can <u>you read the story?</u>

Yes, <u>I can.</u>

Q4) Forr	n a question using these words:
*Don't fo	rget to use a question mark at the end of the question*
a. (Haya ,	/ ride a horse) Can Haya ride a horse?
b. (Fahed	/ play football) Can Fahed play football?
•	ou can change one rule at school that says "can't" whee, and why?
Q6) Men	tion 3 things that you can do and three that you can
	<del></del>

## Read the text then answer the following questions:

Tim had a big plan for the day. He woke up when the sun was up. His mom said, "Tim, pack a bag." Tim put in a cap, a map, and a red jam bun.

He went to the bus stop. At the bus stop, he met his pal Jan. Jan had a pet cat in a box. The cat was fat and did not nap.

The bus took Tim and Jan to the hill. They ran to the top. Tim sat on a rock and ate his jam bun. Jan let the cat hop and run. The cat dug in the mud and got wet, but it did not quit.

Jan said, "Oh no, my cat is a mess!" Tim had a rag. He let Jan rub the cat. The sun was hot, so the cat did dry.

When the day was done, Tim and Jan went back on the bus. They had fun, and the cat was glad too.

- 1. What did Tim pack in his bag?
  a cap, a map, and a red jam bun.
- 2. Who did Tim meet at the bus stop?

  He met his pal Jan.
- 3. What pet did Jan bring? a cat
- 4. What snack did Tim eat on the hill? his jam bun.
- 5. How did the cat get dry?
  The sun was hot and Jan rubbed the cat with a rag.
- 6. Why do you think Tim packed a map and a snack for his trip? What might have happened if he forgot them?

  To help him. If he forgot, he might get lost or hungry.

Unit 1
Reading 2

# Children Can Learn



# Vocabulary

Reading 2

Students are expected to:

Recognize the following words
 (big, give, feel, hurt, learn, parents, children).

Q1) Use the words in the box to complete these sentences:

- 1. I fell down yesterday, my back still \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ me a bottle of water, please!
- 3. My \_\_\_\_\_ teddy bear is lost.
- 4. Today is our trip to Jarash! We \_\_\_\_\_excited.

2) learn: (verb) We learn new things at school.  3) children: (noun / people) The children are playing outside.  What is the biggest lesson you can learn from your parent	3) children: (noun / people) The children are playing outside.	1) parents: (noun My parents drive me t	• •		
The children are playing outside.	The children are playing outside.		school.		
What is the biggest lesson you can learn from your parent	What is the biggest lesson you can learn from your parent		• •		
		What is the biggest le	sson you can le	arn from your p	oarent

Reading 2

# **Phonics**

# Short e; digraph th

#### Students are expected to:

- · Identify the sound of the short e.
- Identify the sound of /th/.
- Q1) Put the words in the correct category:

the, then, thick, think

Soft th (bath)	Hard th (this)

Q2) Select the words with short e sound by drawing a circle.

red mom sat pet Nan	†
---------------------	---

Q3) If you found a path through the forest, would you follow it or stay safe? Why?

#### Reading 2

# Children Can Learn

### Students are expected to:

- Recognise the story elements.
- · Recognise what the story is about.

#### Q1) Circle the correct answer:

- 1 Who is the author?
- b. Dan White.

- b. Pam Walker.
- 2. Who are the characters in the story?
- b. Dan, Gramps. b. parents, Glen, Nell, Bess, Dan, Jan, Matt, Fred.
- 3. The places of the story are:
- a. house and supermarket. b. house, street and baseball field.
- 4. The time of the story is:
- a. daytime.

- b. at night.
- 5. What is the story about? (main idea)
  - a. Children can learn from their friends.
  - b. Parents and others help children learn.
- Q2) Why do you think Mom gives Nell a snack?

# Children Can Learn

Reading 2

# Cause and Effect

- A cause is why something happens.
- An effect is what happens as a result of a cause.

Cause	Effect
Glen is hungry.	Dad feeds him
Nell needs help.	Mom feeds her.
Bess wants milk.	She makes a mess.
Bess makes a mess.	Dad cleans up the spill.
Dad helps Jan spell.	Jan passes the test.
Mom helps Matt.	Matt is safe.
Dad helps Fred.	Fred is glad.

Reading 2

# Grammar and Writing Simple Present

#### Remember:

Verbs are words that show actions.

**Examples:** read, dance, sleep, climb, want, stay, jump, play, study, etc.

### Q1) Underline the verbs in the following sentences:

- 1. Rimas watches TV with her family.
- 2. I see with my eyes.
- 3. Is mom folding the wash?
- 4. Jouri drinks orange juice every morning.

## Q2) Color the verbs:











### When do we use simple present?

When we talk about things <u>people always do</u>, or when an action is happening right now.

#### RULE :

For she, he, it, add -s to the verb.

Example: she wakes up at 8:00 a.m.



#### RULE :

For verbs ending in ch, sh, s, x or z add -es.

Example: He washes his hand daily.



#### RULE

For a negative statement, use does not or doesn't + verb.

**Example:** The cat doesn't know how to jump high.



#### RULE

For a Yes/No question with he, she, it use does + subject + verb.

#### Examples:

Does Amer play piano? Yes, he does.

Does she like Mnasaf? No, she doesn't.



Q3) Write the corsentences:	rect form of these verbs in the following
	(help) her friends.
2. He	(work) hard for his exams.
3. Abir	(like) tea but she (not like)
coffee.	
4. This cat is tiny.	But it (run) fast.
Q4) Complete thes	e questions and answers with "does, doesn't":
•	_ Ahlam swim every day?
No, she	
•	_ my hair look weird?
Yes, it	·
•	_ the teacher know you're out?
Yes, she	·
•	y dog bark loudly at strangers." Do you agree ce? Why? How should the sentence be written

### Read the text then answer the following questions:

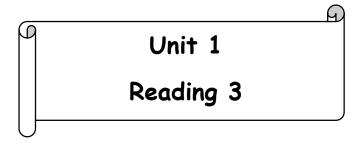
Beth had a small fish. The fish sat in a big tank on a thick shelf. Beth liked her fish very much.

One hot day, Beth saw that the fish did not move much. "Oh no!" said Beth. She ran to get a pan and some fresh water. Beth put the fish in the pan to give it a bath. The fish swam fast. Beth clapped her hands.

Then Beth thought, "I need to clean the tank too." She got a cloth and a brush. She scrubbed the tank and put in fresh water. The fish went back in the tank. It swam with a happy splash.

Beth's mom came and said, "Good job, Beth. You kept the fish healthy." Beth smiled. She learned that pets need care every day.

1	. What did Beth do when the fish was not moving much?
2	. What did Beth use to clean the fish tank?
3	. How did the fish act after the bath and cleaning?
4	. Who praised Beth for taking care of the fish?
5	. What lesson did Beth learn?
6	Why do you think it is important to think ahead and take care of pets every day? What could happen if Beth ignored her fish?



# We Live in a Home



Reading 3

Phonics:

short i; sh digraph

Students are expected to:

- Identify the sound of the short i.
- Identify the sound of /sh/.

Q1) Select the words with short i sound by drawing a circle.

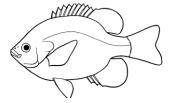
tip	tired	mop	fire	win	bin

Q2) Write i or sh to complete each word:

- a. w \_\_\_\_ g
- b. \_\_\_\_ ow
- c. \_\_\_\_ nk
- d. p \_\_\_\_ nk

# Q3) Unscramble these words, then match them with the right picture:

a. | | | | \_\_\_\_\_



ь. | c k i k | \_\_\_\_\_

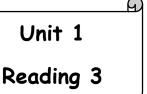


c. | shif | \_\_\_\_\_



d. hes \_\_\_\_\_

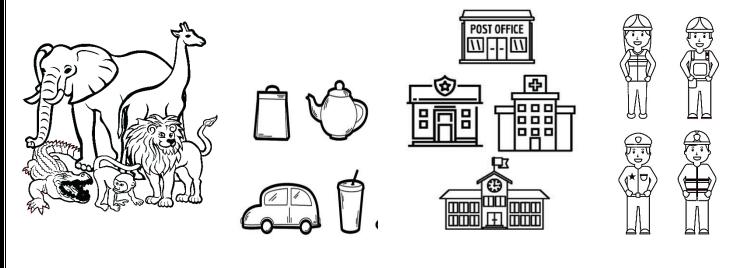




# Be Verbs

# 1. Nouns:

Remember that: Nouns can be:



animals things , places, people.

## Q1) Circle the nouns in each sentence:

- The children are going to school. 1.
- Tia has a dog. 2.
- 3. My blue pencil is in the desk.

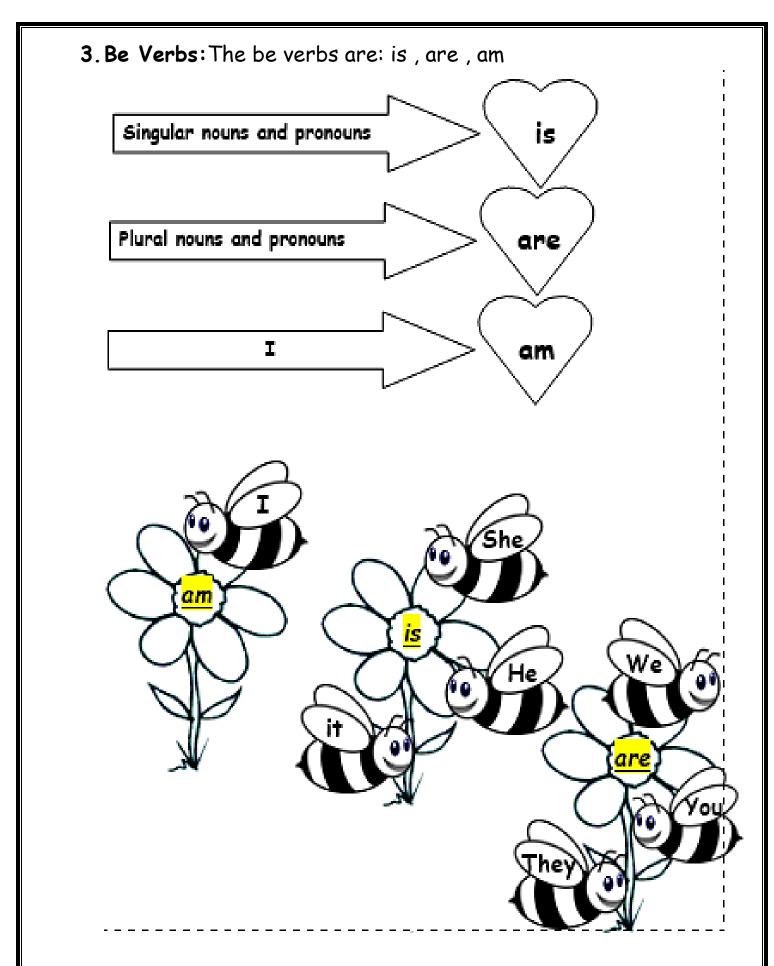
Q2) Classify the	nouns correctly:		
doctor / beach /	giraffe / sun / Karo	ım / gas station / po	arrot / hospital
Animal	Place	Person	Thing
Q3) Look around y are nouns? How ar		•	_
			•

# 2. Pronouns:

A pronoun is a word that takes the place of one or more nouns ©

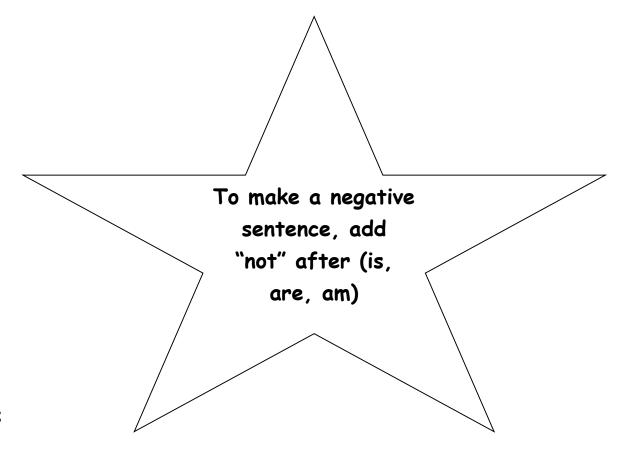
0		
Singular Prono	uns	Plural Pronouns
	I	We
	You	You
	She	They
	He	They
	<b>I</b> †	They
		Iney

Q3) Replace the underlined noun in each sentence with the correct pronouns:
1. <u>Sireen and Mira</u> are best friends.
The right pronoun:
2. The car isn't in the garage.
The right pronoun:
3. <u>Amer</u> is a nice waiter.
The right pronoun:
4. The policemen are in front of the school.
The right pronoun:



# Q4) Add (is, are, am):

- 1. The cat is grey. It \_\_\_\_\_ sleeping by the wall.
- 2. You \_\_\_\_\_ late!
- 3. Ali and Samira \_\_\_\_\_\_ studying in the living room.
- 4. Ahmad likes pets. He \_\_\_\_\_ a kind man.
- 5. I \_\_\_\_\_ a taxi driver.
- 6. Yara drives fast. She \_\_\_\_\_ always in danger.



Examples:

- 1. She is not (isn't) here.
- 2. They are not (aren't) coming to the party.
- 3. I am not listening to you.

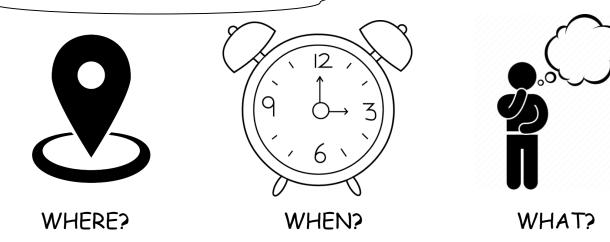
Q5) Observe the following	picture	then	complete	the	sentences	with
(is, are) OR (isn't, aren't):						

It \_\_\_\_\_ a rainy day. The girl \_\_\_\_\_ watering the flowers. The boy \_\_\_\_\_ carrying a baby. The butterflies \_\_\_\_\_ flying around.



Q6) If you are telling a story	about your friend	and yourself, how
can you use pronouns to make	the story shorter	and easier to read?
Give examples.		

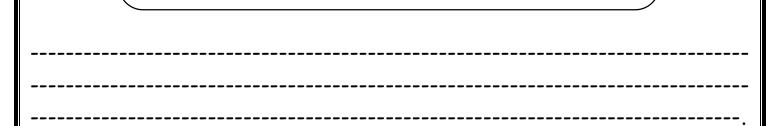
To ask a question, use (Where, When, What) + am, is, are.

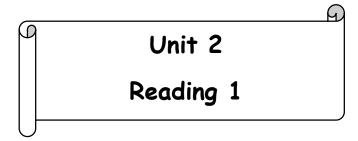


# Examples:

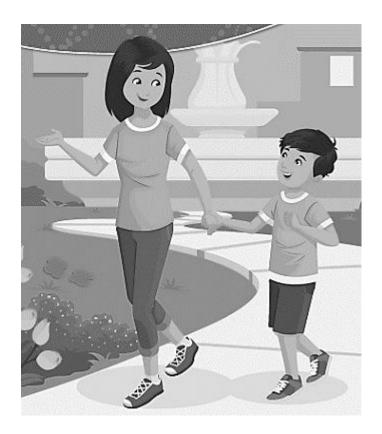
- 1. Where is my blue jacket?
- 2. When are you coming?
- 3. What are we going to do?

Q7) Draw your family, then write about your family members.





# My Little Brother

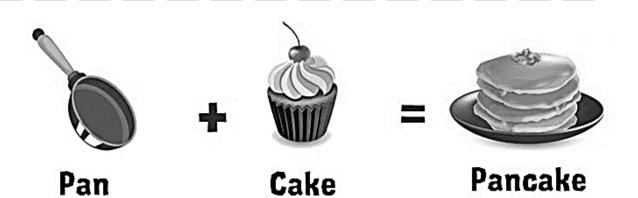


Reading 1

# **Compound Words**

Students are expected to:

- · Recognise the compound words.
- · A compound word is made up of two short words.



Q1) Write the following compound words:			
1.sun	Flower		
2.back	Pack		
3. camp	Fire		

Q2) Can you find three compound words around you in the classroom
or home? Why do people make compound words instead of using two separate words?
1
2
3
Q3) Write a short story using at least three compound words.
·

# Vocabulary

Reading 1

Students are expected to:

- Recognize the following words:
   (him, hold, light, funny, year, baby, grown-up).
- Q1) Use the words in the box to complete these sentences:

him - hold - light - funny

- 1. That box is so \_\_\_\_\_! I can carry it with one hand.
- 2. My brother sang a \_\_\_\_\_song, so we laughed.
- 3. I always \_\_\_\_ my dad's hand when I cross the street.
- 4. Rami didn't answer his phone, so I left \_\_\_\_\_ a message.
- Q2) Ali says, "A baby can do everything a grown-up can do." Do you agree or disagree? Explain your answer and give examples to support your thinking.

	year: (noun)
Next y	ear, we will be in 3 <sup>rd</sup> grade.
•	paby: (noun/ person)
inat <b>ba</b>	<b>by</b> is super cute!
	3) grown-up: (adjective)
When m	y baby brother is hungry, I ask my <b>grown-up</b> sist
to feed	him.

Unit 2
Reading 1

# Phonics Short o; digraph wh

Students are expected to:

- · Identify the sound of the short o.
- Identify the sound of the digraph /wh/.

Q1) Write o or wh to complete each word:	
a. ht	
beat	
c. lg	
disper	
Q2) Use one word with a short o sound and one word that starwith wh in the same sentence.	rs 
Q3) Write a short story using at least 4 words with short o :	<b></b> ·

### My Little Brother

#### Readina 1

#### Students are expected to:

- · Recognise the story elements.
- · Recognise the main idea of the story.

#### Q1) Circle the correct answer:

- 1 What's the title of the story?
- c. Children Can Learn.

- b. My Little Brother.
- 2 Who are the characters in the story?
- a. parents, Glen, Nell, Bess, Dan, Jan, Matt, Fred.
- b. Sofia and Mateo.
- 3 The places of the story are:
- a. house and school.
- b. house, street and barn.
- 4 What is the story about? (main idea)
  - a. We change as we grow.
  - b. Parents and others help children learn.
- Q2) Can a grown up and a baby enjoy the same activities in the same way? Give examples:

Unit 2
Reading 1

# Grammar and Writing Simple Present

Students are expected to:

- Recognise the simple presen with I, you, we, they.
- Q1) Replace the underlined nouns in these sentences with the correct pronouns:

My friends and I have an activity class every Thursday.

You and your sister are lovely. \_\_\_\_\_

Are Sami and Eman siblings?

Use simple present to talk about facts to things are true.

I love funny shows.

Q2) Complete the sentence, tell a fact about yourself.

Ι\_\_\_\_\_

To make a negative statement with I, you, we and they, use do + not.

Subject	do + not	verb	object
· I · you · we · they	· don't	• eat • play • read • kick	<ul><li>a banana.</li><li>football.</li><li>a story.</li><li>the ball.</li></ul>

Q3) Make your own sentences:	
1	
2	
3	
4	
Q4) Write the correct form of these verbs in the following sentences:	
1. We the table after lunch. (clean)	
2. My mom and my aunt shopping each Friday. (go)	
3. My brothers (like) broccoli, but they	_ (not
like) carrots.	

To ask for information, use the question words.					
	queston words	do	subject		
	·What	· do	· I, you, we,		
	· When 🗇	·does	they • he, she, it		
	· Where				
Example	e: What do you	do on Sunday?			
	rcle the mistake	•	tences then c	orrect them:	
QO) OII	cie me misture		rences, men c	orrect mem.	
<b>14</b> (1)			llo.		
When d	loes Ella and Asi	a play basketba	.II.>	_	
My brot	thers and I folds	s the wash toge	ether.		
Q6) Im	agine you are d	detective. Yo	u meet two pe	ople for the first	
time, a	nd you want to	know about th	eir daily life.	What three	
questions can you ask them using the simple present tense?					
1					
2					
3.	3.				

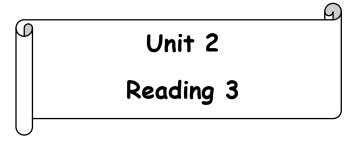
Read the text then answer the following question
--

Tom had a small workshop at home. He loved to fix broken toys. He had a toolbox, a workbench, and a wooden box full of parts. One morning, Tom found a broken toy car. "Which wheel is best for this car?" he asked. He checked the toolbox and picked a small wheel and a wooden block. Then he chose a hammer from the workbench.

Tom worked carefully. He tapped the wheel onto the block. "It fits!" he said with a smile. Suddenly, his mom came with a lunchbox. "Tom, have a snack," she said.

After lunch, Tom fixed another toy. He made a robot with a small head, a long arm, and a bright red foot. He placed the robot on the shelf next to the toy car. Tom felt proud. He thought, "I will make more toys tomorrow."

1.	Where did Tom keep his parts and tools?
2.	What did Tom use to fix the toy car?
3.	Name the compound words in the story.
4.	What toy did Tom make after lunch?
5.	How did Tom feel when he finished fixing the toys?
6.	Why do you think Tom checked all the parts before fixing the toy car? What might happen if he did not plan carefully?



## Fun on a Hot Day



## Vocabulary

Reading 3

Students are expected to:

- Recognize the following words:
   (stay, things, place, idea, heat, pool, cool, invite).
- Q1) Use the words in the box to complete these sentences:

things, idea, invited, stay

- 1. Zaina \_\_\_\_\_ us to her birthday party on Saturday.
- 2. The teacher asked us to \_\_\_\_\_ inside till she comes back.
- 3. Zaid thought of a great \_\_\_\_\_ for mom's gift.
- 4. We can do many \_\_\_\_\_ during the vacation.
- Q2) If you are in a place that is very hot, what can you do to stay cool instead of feeling the heat? Why would it be a smart choice?

•

There's a huc	(noun / place) ge pool in my uncle's farm.	
	ge peer, ae.e , a	
2) heat:	(noun)	
	irce of <b>heat</b> is the sun.	
3) cool: (	adjective)	

Reading 3

## Phonics: Long a



Students are expected to:

- Identify the sound of the long a with magic e.
- Q1) Circle the correct word:

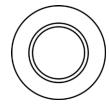


plate , pate



goat , gate



ask, ate

Q2) Can you find or create a pair of words where adding the magic 'e' makes two different words (like tap and tape)? Which word would you use more in real life, and why?

Q2) Put the words in the correct column:

made, make, Sam, pan, rate, map

Long a	Short a

### Fun on a Hot Day

#### Reading 3

Students are expected to:

- Recognise the story elements.
- Recognise what the conversation is about.
- Q1) Circle the correct answer:
  - 1. Who are the characters in the story?
  - a. Mom, Rosa, Joe.

- b. Sofia and Mateo.
- 2. The places of the story are:
- a. house and uncle Jake's pool. b. house, street and barn.

  - 3. The time of the story is:
- a. Summer daytime. b. Summer at night.

  - 4. What is the conversation about? (main idea)
  - a. It's about siblings who are tired of the hot weather.
  - b. Parents and others help children learn.
- Q2) If you could choose any place in the world to live in, would you rather stay in a cool place or a hot place? Explain why?

Unit 2
Reading 3

## Grammar and Writing Will + verb

#### Students are expected to:

· Recognise the future tense with I, you, we, they, she, he, it.

#### Contractions with "will":

We join the pronoun with "will" by leaving out the "w" and the "i" of the word "will" and replace them with an apostrophe. Then squeeze the pronoun and "will" together.

She will → She'll	He will → He'll	It will → It'll
You will → You'll	They will → They'll	We will → We'll
I will → I'll		

Use will + verb to talk about predictions (things will happen in the future).

Subjet		
· she, he, it · they, you, I, they		



	verb
· rain · call · wait	

#### Q1) Make your own predictions:

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Subjet	will + not	verb
· she, he, it · they, you, I, they	· won't	· rain · call · wait
(2) Complete the se	ntences with the fut	ure form of the verb:
1. Naya	a marathon next	week. (run)
2. Ayah	pizza for dinner	tonight. (cook)
3. Hamzah	to the cinem	a during the weekend. (go
Q3) Circle the mist	ake then correct it in	the following sentences
I think he will wo	rks for an organizatio	n
2. I promise I will t	o study harder next ti	me
2. I promise I will t	o study harder next ti	me
		me work in 2030
	rs will doing the house	
3. I think the robot	rs will doing the house	

#### Q4) Complete the table:

Full Form	Contraction
I will	
	I+'ll
We will	

#### Examples:

- Rahaf will not study Science tomorrow.
- Salma won't come with her parents to school next semester.

#### Q5) Make negative statements with these sentences:

- 1. Dana will enjoy the concert.
- 2. Ahmed will carry his little sister when she cries.
- 3. My aunt will be here by Thursday.

Q6) If you know it will rain tomorrow, what will you do to get ready, and why is it important to plan for the future?
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#### Read the text then answer the following questions:

Joe had a small boat. One bright morning, he decided to take it to the pond near his home. He wore a coat and a hat, and he took a rope to tie the boat to the dock. When Joe reached the pond, he saw a frog hop onto the boat. "Hello, frog!" said Joe. The frog croaked happily, and Joe laughed. He let the frog stay with him.

Joe rowed the boat slowly across the pond. He saw a floating log and a big goose. Joe waved to the goose, and it honked back. Suddenly, Joe noticed a rope had come loose! He tied it quickly to the boat to keep it safe. After a while, Joe stopped near a small island. He took out his lunchbox and ate a sandwich. The frog sat on his shoulder and watched him eat. Joe thought, "What a nice day to be on the pond!"

Finally, Joe rowed back to the dock. He pulled the boat onto the shore and untied the rope. Joe smiled. He had taken care of the boat, enjoyed the pond, and made a new frog friend.

What did Joe take with him to the pond?
 Who hopped onto Joe's boat?
 What animals did Joe see on the pond?
 What problem did Joe have with the rope, and how did he fix it?
 Where did Joe eat his lunch?

6. Why do you	think Joe was careful with the boat and the	
rope? What	might have happened if he was not careful?	
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