

Worksheet Number (1)

	Grade & Section: 9th (A, B, C,D)	Unit: Plants and their reproduction
	Student's Name:	Date: / /2025
	Skill/Lesson: REPRODUCTION	
	Educational Outcome:	
	1- Define reproduction.	
	2-Explain the difference between sexual and asexual reproduction Task1: answer the following questions after watching the video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=co5jZId0F-g	
	Fill in the Blank: Fill in the blank with the correct words.	
1.	In reproduction, offspring are produced by just one parent and are genetically identical to that parent.	
2.	Sexual reproduction requires two	to combine their genetic material.
3.	The male gamete is the	and the female gamete is the
4.	The main advantage of sexual reproduction is that it increases in a population.	
5.	Cloning in plants, such as when a potato grows new plants from its eyes, is an example of reproduction. Word bank: genetic variation, egg, sperm, asexual, parents, asexual Fask 2: Label the structures in the diagram below	
	Fertilisation	

Task 3:

Multiple Choice Questions: Choose the correct answer from the choices for each question.

- 1. Which of the following is an example of asexual reproduction?
- A) Humans having children
- B) Bacteria dividing by binary fission
- C) Birds laying eggs after mating
- D) Dogs breeding
- 2. What is the main benefit of sexual reproduction?
- A) Produces more offspring quickly
- B) Offspring are identical to the parent
- C) Increases genetic diversity
- D) Only one parent is needed
- 3. Which statement is true about asexual reproduction?
- A) It always requires two parents
- B) Offspring are genetically different from the parent
- C) It is only found in animals
- D) Offspring are genetically identical to the parent
- 4. Which of the following organisms typically reproduce sexually?
- A) Bacteria
- B) Yeast
- C) Flowering plants
- D) Amoeba
- 5. In sexual reproduction, what is the result of fertilization?
- A) A clone of the parent
- B) A new organism with a mix of genetic material from both parents
- C) No new organism is produced
- D) The parent organism grows larger

GOOD LUCK